

<u>Anti-Bullying Policy – Orchard Grove Primary School</u>

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May 2023

All children have the right to feel safe in school

The aim of the anti-bullying policy is to ensure that pupils learn in a supportive, caring and safe environment without fear of being bullied. Bullying is anti-social behaviour and affects everyone; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. Pupils must be encouraged to report all bullying. It is the duty of every member of staff to protect the interests of children and to try to prevent any forms of bullying.

What is bullying?

Bullying is the use of aggressive behaviour, name-calling or intimidation with the intention of hurting another person. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim.

Bullying can be short term or continuous over long periods of time.

The main types of bullying are:

- Physical: hitting, kicking, pushing, taking and damaging belongings
- **Verbal**: name calling, teasing, taunting, making offensive comments, including racist, sexist, homophobic or related to disability, making threats. This could be in spoken or written form.
- Non-verbal: hand signs, pulling faces, gestures or text messages
- **Emotional:** threatening, intimidating or humiliating someone
- Relational: spreading rumours, excluding people from groups, deliberately ignoring
- **Sexual:** talking to or touching someone in a sexually inappropriate way, upskirting, asking for photographs or intimate parts or engaging in phone or written sexual conversations
- **Cyber bullying**: using modern technology such as mobile phones or the internet. This includes bullying through such media as social-networking, text-messages, phone-calls, picture/video-clips, email, chat rooms, instant messaging and websites. Misuse of associated technology, i.e. camera & video facilities.

Bullying can take place in the classroom, playground, toilets, on the journey to and from school, on residential trips and cyberspace. It can take place during out of school group activities and between families.

Within Orchard Grove Primary School, the children are taught that bullying is persistent and on purpose using the NSPCC 'STOP'.

- Our pupils are taught the first step in dealing with bullying is to ask them to stop and to explain assertively to them how their chosen actions makes them feel.
- Our pupils are taught to tell an adult and that this is not 'telling tales' or 'snitching'. They are taught
 that if someone says they are telling tales that this is a sign they are doing the right thing as a bully
 does not want to be in trouble.
- Our pupils are taught about e-safety and the potential risks of the internet.
- Through Jigsaw PHSE and our assembly programme we aim to develop the self-esteem of all pupils and help them to recognise their own qualities and the qualities of others.
- Our pupils are taught that in life we will not like everyone we meet, but that we can and must work alongside them effectively and with tolerance.

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As a result of these strategies bullying is kept to a minimum and any incidents are swiftly resolved as soon as staff are aware of them.

Signs and Symptoms

A child may indicate by signs or behaviour that he or she is being bullied.

Adults should be aware of these possible signs and that they should investigate if a child:

- is frightened of walking to or from school
- doesn't want to go on the school / public bus
- begs to be driven to school
- changes their usual routine
- is unwilling to go to school (school phobic)
- begins to truant
- becomes withdrawn anxious, or lacking in confidence
- starts stammering
- attempts or threatens suicide or runs away
- cries themselves to sleep at night or has nightmares
- feels ill in the morning
- begins to do poorly in school learning
- comes home with clothes torn or books damaged
- has possessions which are damaged or "go missing"
- asks for money or starts stealing money (to pay bully)
- continually "loses" money
- has unexplained cuts or bruises
- comes home starving (food/ lunch has been stolen)
- becomes aggressive, disruptive or unreasonable
- is bullying other children or siblings
- stops eating
- is frightened to say what's wrong
- gives improbable excuses for any of the above
- is afraid to use the internet or mobile phone
- is nervous and jumpy when a cyber message is received
- lacks eye contact
- is becoming short tempered
- displays a change in attitude towards people at home.

These signs and behaviours could indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

Procedures

As the parent/ carer of a child whom you suspect is being bullied:

- 1. Report bullying incidents to the class teacher
- 2. The incidents will be recorded by staff and in serious or repeated cases the Headteacher notified
- 3. In serious or repeated cases parents/ carers should be informed and will be asked to come in to a meeting to discuss the problem
- 4. If necessary and appropriate, police will be consulted
- 5. The bullying behaviour or threats of bullying must be investigated and the bullying stopped quickly

6. An attempt will be made to help the bully (bullies) change their behaviour

Please do not:

- 1. Attempt to sort the problem out yourself by speaking to the child whom you think may be the bully or by speaking to their parents/ carers
- 2. Encourage your child to be 'a bully' back

Both of these will only make the problem much harder to solve.

Outcomes

All known/reported incidences of bullying will be investigated by the class teacher or by a senior member of staff.

1	Quickly diffused by class teacher		
	The matter is sorted out quickly by the class teacher who, alongside the child who has		
	been bullying, decides how to make amends for the bullying behaviour according to the		
	restorative justice positive behaviour policy to ensure consistency		
	The school may adopt a 'Circle of Friends' approach		
	 The incident is recorded on the internal school system (CPOMS) 		
	Parents/ carers informed		
	If possible, the pupils will be reconciled		
2	Class teacher continued involvement Letter of apology/Parents		
	If the matter is considered more serious the child makes amends by writing a letter of		
	apology to the child who has been bullied		
	A restorative justice approach will be used with those involved		
	 The bully is timed out/ loses a privilege or suspended from an area of the school 		
	A clear account of the incident will be made by the class teacher recorded and given to		
	the Key Stage leader and recorded on the internal school system (CPOMS)		
	 The parents/ carers of the bully and the child who has been bullied are informed 		
3	Key Stage Leader		
	If a child bullies for a second time the Key Stage leader will become involved and		
	Headteacher is informed		
	Accounts are taken from children involved and recorded on the internal school system		
	(CPOMS)		
	 A restorative justice approach will continue to be used with those involved 		
	 The bully is timed out/ loses a privilege or excluded from an area of the school 		
	Emotional Learning Support may be used within school		
	The parents/ carers are updated on the situation		
4	Head teacher		
	If a child bullies for a third time, the Head teacher becomes involved		
	School will devise an incentive plan to help the child who is bullying - this could take the		
	form of an incentive chart		
	 In some cases, outside agencies may be requested to support the school or family in 		
	dealing with bullying e.g. police, counsellor, etc.		
	Accounts are taken from children involved and recorded on the internal school system		
	(CPOMS)		
	 Sanction according to the positive behaviour policy – this could be an internal suspension 		

	•	at the school for a fixed period of time when the child works away from the class The bully is timed out/ loses a privilege or suspended from an area of the school The parents/ carers are updated on the situation	
5	Exclusion		
	•	This is in extreme cases. This may be in the form of a fixed term or permanent exclusion, dependent upon the circumstances. Only the Headteacher can exclude a child Outside agencies will be requested to support the school or family in dealing with bullying e.g. police, counsellor, etc.	
	•	Accounts are taken from children involved and recorded on the internal school system (CPOMS)	
	•	The parents/ carers are updated on the situation	

After the incident/ incidents have been investigated and dealt with, each case will be monitored to ensure repeated bullying does not take place.

How is cyber bullying different?

Cyber bullying is a method of bullying that uses ICT to upset, threaten or humiliate someone and has the following key characteristics:

- Cyber bullying can take place at any time, in any location; technology allows the user to bully anonymously
- Cyber bullying can occur on a vast and rapid scale
- Electronic content is very hard to control; it can never be guaranteed to be removed totally from circulation
- Bullies can take actions to attempt to be anonymous and can feel 'distanced' from the incident
- 'Bystanders' can easily become perpetrators
- The 'profile' of a cyber-bully or a target varies age, size, etc. is not an issue
- Cyber bullying can occur unintentionally often due to a lack of awareness/ empathy 'It was only a
 joke'
- Cyber bullying leaves no physical scars so it is, perhaps, less evident to a parent/ carer or teacher, but it is highly intrusive and the hurt it causes can be very severe

Young people are particularly adept at adapting to new technology, an area that can seem a closed world to adults (e.g. the numerous acronyms used by young people - POS - Parents Over Shoulder, TUL – Tell You Later); this makes it difficult for adults to recognise potential threats.

Orchard Grove Primary School, we take this bullying as seriously as all other types of bullying and, therefore, will deal with each situation individually. An episode may result in a simple verbal warning or it might result in a parental discussion. More serious cases will result in further sanctions similar to the 'Outcomes' table above.

There's plenty of online advice on how to react to cyber bullying. For example, **www.kidscape.org.uk** has some useful tips as **www.ceop.police.uk/safety-centre** which takes you to CEOP (Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre).

Key advice for parents/ carers:

- Be alert to your child being upset after using the internet/ phones possible signs are that they may become more secretive, change relationships with friends, etc
- Your child could be as likely be a bully as be a target of bullying

- Talk to your child and understand how they are using the internet and their phone
- Use safety tools and parental controls if you're not sure how, contact your service provider
- Please note tools are not always 100% effective
- Remind your child not to retaliate
- Keep any evidence of cyber bullying emails, online conversations, texts, etc
- Report the cyber bullying
- Contact the school so they can take action if it involves other pupils
- Contact the service provider e.g. website, phone company, etc
- If the cyber bullying is serious and a potential criminal offence has been committed, then consider contacting the police

Implementation

Orchard Grove Primary School we use a variety of methods for helping children to prevent bullying through whole-school and class assemblies, Circle Time, Anti-Bullying week, or during Jigsaw PSHE lessons. The ethos of the school means that all staff actively encourage children to have mutual respect for each other and for other people's property. All adults have a responsibility to model positive and supportive behaviour in their dealings with pupils, and with one another, so that pupils have the confidence to pass on information.

At Orchard Grove Primary School, we are aware that it is the quality of relationships within a school community that allow issues to be resolved effectively. Consistency and continuity are very important, as is the support of parents/ carers and the wider community in upholding the values of the school and the wider Trust.

Pupils are advised to tell someone directly if they feel they have been bullied. Parents/ carers are also encouraged to contact the school about bullying and are reassured that the matter will be dealt with in a discreet, sensitive and appropriate way.

Pupils are encouraged to report bullying on behalf of others if necessary and to realise that it is never acceptable to be a bystander if bullying is taking place.

Monitoring, evaluation and review

The school will review this policy annually and assess its implementation and effectiveness. The policy will be promoted and implemented throughout the school and with partners in the community.

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